

TOX TALK

Society of Forensic Toxicologists, Inc. 1013 THREE MILE DRIVE • GROSSE POINTE PARK • MICHIGAN 48230-1412

Volume 16, No. 3

SEPTEMBER 1992

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ToxTalk EDITOR

Joseph R. Monforte, Ph.D.

EXECUTIVE COORDINATOR

Patricia Mohn-Monforte (313) 884-4718

S.O.F.T. ANNUAL MEETING

October 12-17, 1992 Connecticut

C. Neal Reading, Ph.D. S.O.F.T. Meeting Host P. O. Box 1689 Hartford, CT 06144 (203) 566-4258 PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE JEANNE M. BENO, PH.D.

The 1992 SOFT Annual Meeting is fast approaching. Neal Reading and his committee have put together a diverse program of workshops and platform presentations that promise both practical assistance for the day-to-day operation of a laboratory and the opportunity to participate in policy decisions that will shape the practice of Forensic Toxicology for many years to come. Most importantly, however, the SOFT Annual Meeting allows members to meet face-to-face with their colleagues to discuss common problems and their solutions. Any long-term member of SOFT will agree that the interpersonal networking that begins at SOFT meetings is the greatest benefit that membership in SOFT offers.

At this year's business meeting, members will be asked to vote on two important issues: compensation for officers (discussed in the June issue of ToxTalk) and the revised consensus opinion on hair analysis. If you cannot be there, you can still express yourself! Write to me or the committee chairperson prior to the meeting. SEE YOU IN CONNECTICUT!

FROM THE EDITOR'S DESK . . . JOSEPH R. MONFORTE, PH.D., DABFT

Through ToxTalk we are providing more information on hair analysis - a topic to be considered at the annual meeting. Many thanks to Lee Hearn and his committee for compiling a fine summary.

Thanks to Yale Caplan for assisting with the enclosed Salary Survey. It is similar to the last (1989) survey but includes more detailed information in some areas. A summary of the survey will appear in the December 1992 issue of ToxTalk.

IN THIS ISSUE___

REGULAR FEATURES - Journal Club - Elmer Gordon Open Forum - Communique

- Career Opportunities - Editor's Desk - Treaşury Note\$

OF SPECIAL INTEREST - Report of SOFT Advisory Committee on Hair Analysis

for Drugs of Abuse (supplement)

INSERTS - SOFT 1992 Meeting Information & Registration

- 1993 SOFT Dues Notice - Salary Survey Form

ToxTalk is mailed quarterly to current members of the Society of Forensic Toxicologists, Inc. Non-members may now receive ToxTalk for \$15 per calendar year. Mail a check (payable to s.O.F.T.) to ToxTalk at the address above. All members and others are invited to contribute to ToxTalk. Contact the Administrative Office for membership applications.

NEXT DEADLINE --NOVEMBER 1, 1992

DEADLINES: Feb. 1, May 1, Aug. 1, and Nov. 1.

NOMINATING COMMITTEE PRESENTS 1993 SLATE

The SOFT Nominating Committee, consisting of William Anderson (chairman), Paula Childs, and Norman Wade, proposes for your consideration the following nominees as 1993 officers and directors.

PRESIDENT: ALPHONSE POKLIS, Ph.D., DABFT

Dr. Poklis graduated from the University of Maryland in 1974 with a Ph.D. in Toxicology. After 10 years at the St. Louis University/Medical Examiner's Office, he joined the Medical College of Virginia in 1987 as Associate Professor, Dept. of Pathology, and Affiliate Professor, Dept of Pharmacology-Toxicology, as well as Director of the Toxicology Laboratories for the MCV Hospital. Dr. Poklis has served as a member of the SOFT Guidelines Committee, member of the Board of Directors, 1984 meeting host, Secretary, and, currently, Vice President.

VICE PRESIDENT: MARK LEWIS, B.S., DABFT

Mr. Lewis is a Charter member of SOFT. He received a B.S. in Medical Technology from the University of Buffalo and trained in forensic toxicology at the Erie County Medical Examiner's Office, Buffalo, NY. Since 1973, Mr. Lewis has been the Chief Toxicologist for the New York State Police Laboratory in Albany, NY. As an active member of SOFT, his service includes the Membership Drive Committee, Membership Committee, Meeting Site Selection Committee (Chairman), a member of the Board of Directors from 1986-89 and Treasurer for the past two terms (4 years).

TREASURER: JOSEPH J. SAADY, Ph.D., DABFT

After receiving his Ph.D. in Pathology/Toxicology from the Virginia Commonwealth University, Dr. Saady joined the Medical College of Virginia where he is currently Associate Director of Toxicology and Director of the Forensic Laboratory. A current member of the Board of Directors, Dr. Saady has been assigned the task of reviewing membership criteria. He has participated in numerous SOFT meetings and contributed many technical papers.

ADDITIONAL DIRECTORS: (two 3-year terms, one 2-year term)

BARRY S. LEVINE, Ph.D., DABFT: Dr. Levine received his Ph.D. from Virginia Commonwealth University/Medical College of Virginia in 1982. He is currently Chief Toxicologist in the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner, State of Maryland. He has also served as Chief, Forensic Toxicology Laboratory Division of the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology. Dr. Levine has presented numerous publications at SOFT meetings and serves on the Educational Research Awards Committee (1993 chairman). While a student at MCV, Dr. Levine was a recipient of the SOFT Educational Research Award.

WILLIAM LEE HEARN, Ph.D.: Dr. Hearn received his Ph.D. from the University of Miami in 1979. Since 1986, he has been the Laboratory Director of the Dade County Medical Examiner Department (Miami). Previously, he worked in independent laboratories performing a variety of forensic analyses. Dr. Hearn has presented numerous papers at SOFT meetings, served as chairman of the Publications Committee (Editor, 1991 SOFT Special Edition of JAT), and is currently the chairman of the Advisory Committee on Hair Analysis.

In the event of Dr. Saady's election as Treasurer, the Nominating Committee proposes that the remainder of his term (2 years) be completed by:

RONALD C. BACKER, Ph.D., DABFT: Dr. Backer received his Ph.D. from the University of Arizona in 1970 and is currently the Laboratory Director of Harrison and Associates Forensic Labs. Previously, he served as the Director of the toxicology laboratory of the Medical Examiner's Office for the State of New Mexico and State of West Virginia. Dr. Backer is currently completing a one-year term on the Board of Directors.

(REMEMBER: ONLY FULL MEMBERS MAY VOTE AT THE ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING)

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TREASURY NOTES

1993 DUES: A 1993 dues notice is included with the ToxTalk mailing. The same notice will be inlouded with the December issue. Since ToxTalk utilizes bulk mail, all pieces must be exactly the same. So if you pay your 1993 dues before the next ToxTalk arrives, you may ignore the duplicate form. Fair warning: All dues received after January 1, 1993, will be subject to the late fee so don't wait, pay your dues now!

1992 DUES: Persons who have not paid their 1992 SOFT dues will be officially removed from SOFT on January 2, 1993. (SOFT Members - If you received your own copy of this ToxTalk, you paid your 1992 dues.) Final notices for 1992 dues have been mailed.

CORRECTION: Mark Lewis notes an error in the "Summary of Cash Flow Report" as it appeared in the March 1992 issue. It should read "1/1/91 through 12/31/91," not "1/1/92.

ATTENTION GRADUATE STUDENTS AND ADVISORS -- E.R.A. APPLICATIONS SOUGHT: Treasurer Lewis reports the ERA fund is healthy. Contact the SOFT Administrative Office for application information. <>

D.U.I.D. COMMITTEE REPORT

Approximately twenty surveys have been received to date. Great informational comments are contributing significantly to the impact of the survey.

Discussions with Vickie Watts, chair of the AAFS DUID Committee, suggest the advisability of an interim meeting of that committee (in Hartford), which will probably result in a joint SOFT/AAFS committee meeting since most participants serve on both the SOFT and AAFS committees. We will discuss the integration of the survey results with the AAFS database which should provide adequate knowledge for the practicing toxicologist on the analyses and interpretation of the DUID case.

For further information, contact Chip Walls at 315-435-3802.<>

DEADLINE: SEPT. 15th ONLY YOU CAN MAKE THIS PROJECT WORK BY COMPLETING AND RETURNING THE SURVEY

COMMUNIQUE from Patricia Mohn-Monforte, S.O.F.t. Executive Coordinator 1013 Three Mile Drive, Grosse Pointe Park, MI 48230-1412 (Tel/FAX: 313-884-4718)

CONSIDERING RETIREMENT STATUS for 1993? Per SOFT bylaws, only FULL members may apply for "retired" status and must be approved by the Board. A simple form is available to make this easy for you, but all requests should be sent to the Administrative Office before October 1st to allow time for processing. Subsequent requests will be subject to 1993 dues. Contact Pat (Phone/FAX 313-884-4718).

AIR FARE SETTLEMENT: If you attended a SOFT or AAFS meeting since 1988, chances are you will be eligible to receive some sort of rebate as part of class action litigation involving most major airlines and specific hub airports (including L.A., Chicago, Cincinnati, and Philadelphia) and passengers who flew between 1/1/88 and 6/30/92. Contact your travel agent or write to Airline Anti-Trust Litigation, Box 267, Pennsauken, NJ 08110 for necessary claim forms.

TEMPORARY S.O.F.T. CONTACT: As you know, the SOFT Administrative Office will be relocating to Arizona some time in 1993. More specific information will be provided when it is available. If you cannot locate SOFT, I have arranged a contact that will receive and forward SOFT mail: SOFT Temporary Contact, 8503 North 104th Avenue, Peoria, Az 85345.

MEMBER FILES: A great deal of effort has been spent developing a file for each member. This will reduce material accumulation with no means of reasonable retrieval.

ADDRESS CHANGES should be sent or FAXed to the SOFT Administrative Office.

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JOURNAL CLUB

JOHRNAL GLUB H. Chip Walls, Toxicology Lab, Rm 706, 600 South State St., Syracuse, NY 13202 (315-435-3802)

- 1. A COHORT STUDY OF THE IMPACT OF PERINATAL DRUG USE ON PREMATURITY IN AN INNER-CITY POPULATION. Feldman et al. American Journal of Public Health. 82(5):726-728, 1992
- 2. A STUDY OF HOUSE FIRE VICTIMS: AGE, CARBOXYHEMOGLOBIN, HYDROGEN CYANIDE, AND HEMOLYSIS. Yoshida et al. Forensic Science International 52:13-20, 1991
- 3. A LONGITUDINAL ANALYSIS OF FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH MORBIDITY IN COCAINE ABUSERS WITH PSYCHIATRIC ILLINESS. Stanislav et al. Pharmacotherapy 12(2):114-118, 1992
- AENORMAL BLOOD-ETHANOL PROFILE ASSOCIATED WITH STRESS. Hahn, Jones, and Norberg. Letter to the Editor Clin Chem 38(6):1193-94, 1992
- ACUTE CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING: ANIMAL MODELS: A REVIEW. Penney. Toxicology 62:123-160, 1990
- ACUTE TOXIC INHALATIONS. Rorison and McPherson. Emergency Medicine Clinics of North America 10(2):409-431, 1992
- 7. ACUTE AND CHRONIC ETHANOL TOLERANCE: OPERANT REHAVIOUR IN NAIVE AND ETHANOL TOLERANT RATS. Hiltunen and Jarbe Psychopharmacology 107:511-516, 1992
- AMERICAN PSYCHIATRIC PRACTICE WOLUME 1. Stoudemire and Fogel (Eds.). American Psychiatric Press, Inc.
- AMITRIPTYLINE AND AMITRIPTYLINE METABOLITES IN BLOOD AND CEREBROSPINAL FLUID FOLLOWING HUMAN CWERIXER. Hultén et al. Clinical Toxicology 30(2):181-201, 1992
- 10. ANALYTICAL FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY. Osselton. Arch. Toxicol. Suppl. 15(MED TOXICOL):259-67, 1992
- ANALYTICAL METHODS VALIDATION: BIOAVALABILITY, BIOEQUIVALENCE, AND PHARMACOKINETIC STUDIES.
 Shah et al. Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences 81(3):309-312, 1992
- 12. APPETITE SUPPRESSANTS A REVIEW. Silverstone. Drugs 43(6): 820-836, 1992.
- 13. AUTOMATED SCREENING PROCEDURE USING GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY-MASS SPECTROMETRY FOR IDENTIFICATION OF DRUGS AFTER THEIR EXTRACTION FROM BIOLOGICAL SAMPLES. Neill et al. Journal of Chromatography 565:207-224, 1991
- 14. CLINICAL THERAPEUTIC CONFERENCE. Somberg and Gomez (Eds.) J Clin Pharmacol 32:511-519, 1992
- 15. CLINICAL THERAPEUTIC CONFERENCE. Somberg and Gomez (Eds.). J Clin Pharmacol 32:118-123, 1992
- 16. CLINICAL PHARMACOKINETICS OF PROPAFEMONE. Hii et al. Clin. Pharmacokinet. 21(1):1-10, 1991
- 17. CLOZAPINE. Jann Pharmacotherapy 11(3):179-195, 1991
- 18. CONSIDERATION OF THE TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY OF TRICHLOROFTHY LENE IN TERMS OF METABOLITE TOXICITY AND PHARMACOKINETICS. Davidson and Beliles. Drug Metabolism Reviews 23(5%6):493-599, 1991
- 19. COST EFFECTIVE EMIT ASSAYS, FOR DRUGS OF ABUSE IN URINE, USING THE EPPENDORF EPOS ANALYSER.

 Gooch, Caldwell, et al. Journal of Immunoassay 13(1):35-96, 1992
- DETECTION OF BENZODIAZEPINES IN HUMAN HAIR EY RADIOIDMUNCASSAY. Sramek et al. The Annals of Pharmacotherapy 26:469-72, 1992

- 21. DETECTION OF ANTICONVULSANTS AND THEIR METABOLITES IN URINE WITHIN A "GENERAL UNKNOWN" ANALYSIS PROCEDURE USING COMPUTERIZED GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY MASS SPECTROMETRY. Maurer. Arch Toxicol 64:554-561. 1990
- 22. DETERMINATION OF RING- AND N-SUBSTITUTED
 AMPHETAMINES AS HEPTAFLUKOBUTYRL DERIVATIVES.
 Lillsunde and Korte. Forensic Science
 International 49:205-213, 1991
- 23. DEVELOPMENT OF A THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURE FOR BISMUTH INTOXICATION WITH CHELATING AGENTS.
 Slikkerveer et al. J Lab Clin Med 119:529-37, 1992
- 24. DOES COCAINE CAUSE CORONARY VASOSPASM IN CHRONIC COCAINE ABUSERS? A STUDY OF CORONARY AND SYSTEM HEMILTYNAMICS. Majid, Cheirif, et al. Clinical Cardiology 15:253-258, 1992
- 25. REFECT OF ETHANOL ON FATAL CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING IN AWAKE RATS. Tomita et al. Toxicology Letters 50:151-157, 1990
- 26. EFFECTS OF ALCOHOL INTOXICATION ON THE INITIAL ASSESSMENT OF TRAUMA PATIENTS. Jurkovich et al. Ann Emerg Med 21:704-708, 1992
- 27. EFFECTS OF ETHANOL IN ACUTE CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING. Sharma and Penney. Toxicology 62:213-226, 1990
- 28. ELEVATED BLOOD CYANIDE CONCENTRATIONS IN VICTIMS OF SMOKE INHALATION. Baud et al. N Engl J Med 325:1761-6, 1991
- 29. FALLING OFF THE STRAIGHT LINE: SOME HAZARDS OF CORRELATION AND REGRESSION. An editorial. J Clin Psychopharmacol. 12(2):75-78, 1992
- 30. FATAL SELF-INDUCED HYPERINSULINARMIA A DELAYED POST-HURTEN ANALYTICAL DETECTION. Patel. Med Sci Law 32(2):151-159, 1992
- 31. FORENSIC ANALYSIS OF TRIAZOLAM IN HUMAN TISSUES
 USING CAPILLARY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY. Kudo et al.
 Int J Leg Med 104:67-69, 1991
- 32. FORMATION OF FORMALDEHYDE ADDUCTS FROM VARIOUS DRUGS BY USE OF METHANOL IN A TOXICOLOGICAL SCREENING PROCEDURE WITH GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY-MASS SPECTROMETRY. Köppel. Journal of Chromatography 563:73-81, 1991.
- HAVE YOU EVER META-ANALYSIS YOU DIDN'T LIKE?
 Goodman. Ann Int Med 114:244, 1991
- 34. IDENTIFICATION AND DETERMINATION OF PROPAFEMENE
 AND ITS PRINCIPAL METABOLITES IN HUMAN URINE
 USING CAPILLARY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY/MASS
 SPECTROMETRY. Leloux and Maes. Biological Mass
 Spectrometry 20:382-388, 1991
- 35. DEPACT OF COURT HONTTORING ON THE ADJUDICATION OF DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED (DWI). Shinar Accident Analysis and Prevention 24(2):167-179, 1992
- 36. INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATED PRACTICE ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF ACUTE TOLERANCE TO THE MOTOR IMPAIRMENT EFFECT OF ETHANOL. Lê and Kalant. Psychopharmacology 106:52-576, 1992
- 37. INTRAINDIVIUUAL VARIABILITY IN NIFRDIPINE PHARMACOKINETICS AND REFECTS IN HEALTHY SUBJECTS. Soons et al. J Clin Pharmacol 32:324-331, 1992
- 38. MANAGEMENT OF CHILDHOOD LEAD POISONING: A SURVEY. Glotzer and Buauchner. Pediatrics 89(4):614-618, 1992
- 39. MANDATORY DRUG TESTING: BOON FOR PUBLIC SAFETY OR LAURCH OF A WITCH HUNT? Sutherland. Canadian Medical Association Journal 146(7):1215-1220, 1992

Society of Forensic Toxicologist 21st Annual Business Meeting Montreal, Quebec, Canada September 26, 1991

President, Dr. William Anderson, called the meeting to order at 3:20 p.m. EST, and requested that the Secretary, Dr. Alphonse Poklis, determine if a quorum was established by a show of hands.

The president asked that the agenda be approved as published. There was no opposition. He then asked that the minutes of the 1990 business meeting be approved as circulated and published in TOXTALK. The minutes were approved.

President's Report: Dr. William Anderson

President Anderson reported on the Board of Directors' meeting of September 24, 1991. The society contacted the chairman of the toxicology section of the American Academy of Forensic Sciences (AAFS), Dr. Graham Jones, concerning the division of funds obtained from the sale of the "Forensic Toxicology Laboratory Guidelines". It was agreed the profit will be used to support the guidelines committee. A letter was received from the U.S.S.R. Center for Joint Projects inquiring as to the interest of SOFT in sending a delegation to Russia. The Board decided not to take any action as a society, but the letter will be published in TOXTALK so that individuals may respond. The society received a request from John Marshall Law School for a membership list to publish for attorneys seeking expert witnesses. The board decided it is not the policy of the society to supply membership listings for this purpose. The society also received a request from a group of attorneys that SOFT review a case and provide expert opinions. The Board rejected this offer. It is the policy of SOFT not to provide such services as a society.

At the request of the secretary and treasurer, the Board decided that membership applications and fees be sent directly to the executive coordinator. The Board approved the

purchase of a printer for the executive coordinator.

Dr. Anderson reported he had formed a committee, chaired by Dr. Robert Bost, which will develop possible training courses to be sponsored by SOFT. He has also appointed a committee to consider the use of society funds to defray the expenses of society officers attending meetings.

Treasurer's Report: Mark Lewis

Treasurer Lewis reported that from January 1 to December 31, 1990 total income was \$46,253, expenses \$37,444 leaving \$19,519 in the checking account balance, and the E.R.A.CD accounts were \$43,051. From January 1st to September 20th, 1991 society income was \$23,370 and expenses of \$10,937. The budget was for expenses of \$13,950; at present the society is \$3,000 under budget. The present checking account balance is \$26,090 and E.R.A. accounts balance is \$45,133. Dues should be sent to the executive coordinator. Dr. Pat Fields raised an objection to the accessing of a late fee on dues prior to year which the dues covers. Discussion on this topic was tabled.

Secretary's Report: Dr. Alphonse Poklis

Secretary Poklis reported that at present the society has 366 members, 35 charter members and 3 retired charter members. Of these, 235 are full, 83 associate and 10 student members. During 1991 the society accepted as new members, 39 full, 9 associates and 5 student members. During 1991, 24 members were dropped from the roll for non-payment of dues for three consecutive years. Three members were promoted. Presently 15 new applications are being processed. A directory was not published due to difficulty in determining who was a member. This matter has now been resolved. Members were reminded to notify the executive coordinator of any changes of address. Application fees

have increased from \$5.00 to \$10.00. Dr. Poklis thanked Treasurer Lewis and Executive Coordinator Pat Mohn-Monforte for their help in resolving membership problems.

Vice President's Report: Dr. Jeanne M. Beno

Vice President Beno called for the following committee reports: Budget, Finance and Audit Committee Chairman, Dr. James Valentour, reported that after reviewing all Treasurer Lewis' records including 1990 IRS 990 form, the committee found all financial transactions and records in proper order. They commended Treasurer Lewis for his diligence and attention to detail. The report was accepted.

Meeting Resource Committee Chairman, Dr. Horton McCurdy, reported the 1992 meeting will be in Hartford, CT from October 12th to 17th at the Raddison Convention Center. The 1993 meeting combined with CAT will be in Pheonix AZ hosted by Vickie Watts. The 1994 meeting will be in Tampa, FL around November 1st hosted by Dr. McCurdy and Betty Bucan. This will be a combined meeting with TIAFT. The 1995, Silver Anniversary meeting will be held in Baltimore, MD hosted by Dr. Yale Caplan. The report was accepted.

Publications Committee Chairman, Dr. Lee Hearn, reported the SOFT special issue call for papers generated 41 abstracts of which 28 were followed up with manuscripts. Of these 24 were accepted; 15 to be published in the SOFT Special Issue and the remaining 9 in the January 1992 issue of JAT. Forty reviewers evaluated the manuscripts. The report was accepted.

TOXTALK Chairman, Dr. Joseph Monforte, thanked his co-editors, Dr. Chip Walls, Dr. Brad Hepler and Vickie Watts. He reported that the newsletter is focusing on special topics and attempting to expand the scientific content. He hopes that sixteen pages of material can be generated for each issue.

Education Research Awards Chairman, Dr. Robert Bost, reported that only one application has been received, but no action has been taken. The report was accepted.

Grants and Endowments Committee Chairman, Richard Prouty, reported the committee was unsuccessful in soliciting funds from industry for the ERA. The reported was accepted.

The By-Laws Committee report of Dr. Kurt Dubowski was read by Vice President Beno. The committee has not been instructed to recommend new additions, nor has it found a need to change the present by-laws. The report was accepted.

DUID Committee Chairman, Dr. Chip Walls, reported a questionnaire had been prepared concerning analytical techniques and court experiences for those working DUID cases. The results will be made available to the membership. The report was accepted.

Health and Safety Committee Chairman, Dr. Dan McCoy, reported that a review of a recent publication, "Laboratory Safety and Practice" is being prepared for distribution to the membership. The report was accepted.

The Laboratory Guidelines Committee report of Dr. Michael Peat was read by Vice President Beno. The committee is presently working on a Check List revision. The structure of committee will consist of nine members who are members of SOFT and AAFS. The committee is exploring the development of a voluntary accreditation program including who should be the accreditation body, what are the criteria of accreditation, and what would be the administrative protocal. Committee encourages feedback on the check list from members. The report was accepted.

Legislation, Research and Reporting Chairman, Dr. Yale Caplan, reported that it is impractical for the society to monitor proposed legislation in a meaningful way on a long range basis. The report was accepted.

Nominating Committee Chairman, Dr. Robert Bost, reported that the committee recommended the following nominations: President, Dr. Jeanne Beno; Vice President, Dr. Alphonse Poklis; Secretary, Dr. Vina Spiehler and Directors, Drs Joseph Saady and Chip Walls. The report was accepted. This completed the Vice President's report.

Old Business

President Anderson inaccordance with the directions of membership at the 1990 business meeting called for discussion on the SOFT position on hair as a specimen for drug testing. Dr. Pat Fields moved that the society reaffirm the present position. Michael McGhee moved that the motion be amended such that at the next annual business meeting the position on hair be re-evaluated. Both the motion and admendment passed. Dr. Caplan moved that a committee be appointed by the President to review the "hair" position. The motion passed. Dr. Tully Speaker suggested that the "hair" position committee report be published in TOXTALK in advance of the annual meeting. Dr. Lee Hearn asked if members had any specific knowledge of the impact of CLEA88 on forensic toxicology laboratories. Dr. Bost reported in his investigations of the issue, no specific information is available from the federal government at this time. Dr. Donna Bush informed the members that NIDA accredited laboratories are exempt under CLEA88.

New Business

President Anderson announced that Dr. Michael Peat was receiving an Award of Appreciation from the society for his outstanding efforts in chairing the Guideline Committee. Members of the committee were asked to stand and were acknowledged by the membership of the society. Retiring Board of Director members Dr. Thomas Manning and Bill Robinson received an Award of Appreciation for their service to the society. Past President, Dr. Bost, presented President Anderson an Award of Appreciation for his service to the society. Bill Robinson then explained the complexities of the Canadian tax system and the "value added tax". President Anderson informed Dick Prouty and society members that there was not a value added rebate for liquor purchases.

Nominations and Election of Officers

President Anderson called for nominations from the floor for the offices of President, Vice-President, Secretary, and Board of Directors. None were forthcoming. A motion was made to unanimously accept by acclamation the candidates for office recommended by the Nominating Committee. The motion was seconded and unanimously accepted. Dr. Ronald Backer was then nominated to fill Dr. Spiehler's term of one year left on the Board of Directors. He was unanimously accepted. Congratulations were extended to the new officers.

Announcements

Vickie Watts invited all members to attend the AAFS meeting in New Orleans, LA. She described the program and distributed copies of the workshops program.

Adjournment

Hearing no other business, President Anderson adjourned the meeting at 4:20 p.m. EST.

Alphonse Poklis, Ph.D. Secretary, August 16, 1992

SOFT '92 MEETING "AT A GLANCE"

- TUES 10/13: "Alcohol Testing in the Transportation Workplace" seminar (8 am 5 pm)
 SOFT Board Meeting (6:30 pm)
- WED 10/14: "The PC in the Toxicology Lab" workshop (8 am to 5 pm)
 "NIDA Certification Inspections" workshop (8 am to noon)
 "Training and Professional Development in Toxicology" workshop (1 to 5 pm)
 Welcome Reception (6 to 7 pm)
- THUR 10/15: Exhibits open (8 am)

 Platform sessions 1-4 (8:30 am to 5 pm)

 Poster presentations (opens noon)

 Dinner and Murder on the River optional (6 to 10 pm)

 President's Informal Exchange (10 pm)
- FRI 10/16: Platform sessions 5 6 (8:30 to noon)
 Awards Luncheon (noon to 2 pm)
 SOFT Annual Business Meeting (2:30 to 4:30)
- SAT 10/17: Optional deep sea fishing (5 am to 6 pm), world class golf (8 am to 1 pm)

ELMER GORDON OPEN FORUM

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR INFORMAL DIALOGUE

Congratulations DOCTOR MARILYN
HEUSTIS who recently completed her Ph.D.
CHARLES WINEK has been re-elected
president of the Academy of Toxicological
Sciences. <>

CAREER OPPORTUNITIES

Positions available are listed for the consideration of SOFT members. There is no fee for this service. No information has been received for this issue. Persons seeking employment are encouraged to attend the SOFT Annual Meeting where job announcements will be posted. <>

PROFESSIONAL CALENDAR

CALIFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF TOXICOLOGISTS quarterly meetings and workshops. For information contact Susan Knight, CAT V.P., 18457 Santa Carlotta, Fountain Valley, CA 92708 (phone/fax: 714-965-9854) NOV 6-7 QC Workshop, Garden Grove; FEB 5, 1993 Forensic Toxicology Workshop, Sacramento; May 7 (Los Angeles) and Aug. 6 (N. Calif.) to be announced; Oct. 11-16 joint meeting with SOFT, Phoenix, AZ.

"FOCUS ON FORENSICS" (including the Kennedy assassination) - A.A.C.C. Texas Section Meeting, Nov. 12-13, Dallas. Contact: Phil Mendershausen (214-376-5451 ext 5579) or Shan Wong (713-792-5079).

LEGALMEDSCI'92 - 4th INDO-PACIFIC CONGRESS ON LEGAL MEDICINE AND FORENSIC SCIENCES, Nov. 2-6, Bangkok, Thailand. Contact: Institute of Forensic Medicine, Surgeon-General Office, The Royal Thai Police Dept, Henry Dunant Road, Bangkok 10330, Thailand (air mail).

"FORENSIC ENTOMOLOGY SEMINAR" - December 9, Baltimore, MD. C.E. seminar sponsored by the Entomological Society of America. Contact Betty Cox, 232 E. University Pkwy, Baltimore, MD 21218 (Phone/FAX 410-243-5943)

A.A.F.S. ANNUAL MEETING - FEBRUARY 15-20, 1993 - BOSTON

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Future SOFT meeting sites: 10/11-10/16/93 - SOFT/CAT Phoenix (V. Watts)
10/31-11/05/94 - SOFT/TIAFT Tampa (H. McCurdy)
1995 - 25th Anniversay, Baltimore (Y. Caplan)
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1993 DUES NOTICE



IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS: This notice will be included in the September and December issues of ToxTalk to all persons on the ToxTalk mailing list.

If you have already paid your 1993 dues, disregard this notice.

REMEMBER: The SOFT Administrative Office will be relocating in 1993. Early dues payment will help keep our records and mailing list accurate.

MEMBERSHIP PERIOD:	January 1, 1993, to De	cember 31, 1993	DATE DUE: JANUARY 1, 1993
NAME (last)	(fi	rst)	(mdl) This is how it will appea in the director
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\$ + \$7.00 LATE	E FEE (applicable after	January 1, 199	3)
\$ TOTAL (1	No purchase orders plea	ise; U.S. funds	only, payable to SOFT, Inc.)
MAILING INSTRUCTIONS:	Until May 1, 1993:		After May 1, 1993:
	SOFT Administrative (1013 Three Mile Drive Grosse Pointe Park, 1 Tel/FAX: 313-884-4718	e MI 48230-1412	SOFT Temporary Contact 8503 North 104th Avenue
Do not write below:			Fed ID No. 51-0233801
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S.O.F.T. 1992 SALARY SURVEY - SUBMIT ONE SURVEY PER LABORATORY

Due to members' requests, we are once again surveying salaries and need as wide a response as possible to make the information useful. In this survey we are looking at forensic toxicology sub-specialties as well. Realizing that titles differ among organizations. for the purpose of this survey use the job descriptions noted below ().

	POSITION (job description/responsibilities)	Annual	Salary Range	Current Annual Salary	# Years at Present Position	% of Post- Mortem Tox.	time perform. Perform. Tox.	Wrkplace	Ful or Par tin	t-
1.	LABORATORY DIRECTOR (manages ALL lab services: =Tox Lab ONLY:yes	\$ no		\$		} %	<u> </u>	8	F	P
2.	CHIEF TOXICOLOGIST (manages tox lab <u>only</u>)	\$		<u> </u>		}		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	F	P
3.	TOXICOLOGY SUPERVISOR	\$		\$	***************************************	%	%		F	P
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6. Type of laboratory: _____ Government _____ Non-government

To make this survey as accurate as possible, submit one detailed survey per lab. Members working at more than one lab should prepare a survey for each laboratory. Make additional copies of this survey or attach sheets as needed.

RETURN BY NOVEMBER 1, 1992 to: S.O.F.T. SALARY SURVEY, 1013 Three Mile Drive, Grosse Pointe Park, MI 48230-1412 (Phone/FAX 313-884-4718)

S.O.F.T. ANNUAL MEETING October 13 - 17, 1992



Radisson Convention Center Cromwell, Connecticut

----- PRELIMINARY PROGRAM -----

	DAY	DATE	TIME	ACTIVITY
	TUE.	1 3TH	8:00-5:00	SEMINAR- "Alcohol testing in the transportation workplace."
			6:30-9:00	SOFT Board of Directors Dinner Meeting.
	WED	14TH	8:00-5:00	REGISTRATION
			8:00-5:00	WORKSHOP - "The PC in the Toxicology lab"
			8:00-12:00	WORKSHOP - "NIDA certification inspections."
			12:30-5:00	ABFT Board Meeting (Lunch)
			1:00-5:00	WORKSHOP - "Training and Professional development in Toxicology."
			6:00-7:00	WELCOMING RECEPTION
***	THU.	1 5 T H	8:00-3:00	REGISTRATION
			8:00	EXHIBITS OPEN
			8:30-10:20	PLATFORM SESSION 1

[&]quot;Response of the EMIT II Amphetamine/methamphetamine assay to specimens collected following use of Vicks inhalers." A. Poklis,

10:20-10:40 REFRESHMENTS

10:40-12:00 PLATFORM SESSION 2

"Difluorococaine and Difluorobenzoylecgonine as internal standards for the analysis of Cocaine and Benzoylecgonine in biological fluids." Mahmoud A. ElSohly.

[&]quot;Detection of Cocaine and Anhydroecogonine Methyl Ester in air and on wall surfaces by GC/MS after "crack" vaporization." David Yousefnejad.

[&]quot;Toxicity from "Crack" Cocaine ingestion." Kevin S. Merigian,

[&]quot;Arterial and venus blood levels of Cocaine in human subjects after smoking 'Crack'". Mary J. Hillsgrove

[&]quot;Identification and quantitation of Cocaine and three metabolites in Meconium by GC/MS." N.A. Ansari.

[&]quot;Infrared techniques for drug analyses." Kathryn S. Kalasinsky.

"A new nitrogen phosphorus detector designed for ease of use." J.M. Raccio.

"Automated confirmation of drugs of abuse by GC/MS." D. Swain.

12:00-1:30 LUNCH (ON OWN)

12:00 Poster Presentation Gallery Opens

"Liquid ready-to-use homogeneous enzyme immunoassays for drugs of abuse testing." C.I. Lin.

"Data file format translations from Hewlett-Packard Chemstations: A convenient way to produce publication quality chromatograms and spectra." William D. Darwin.

"The identification and quantitation of Triamterene in blood and urine from a fatal aircraft accident." Dennis V. Canfield.

"Discrepancies in Methomyl (Lannate R) lethal blood concentrations." A. Tsatsakis.

"Application of a Kinetic EIA to the measurement of opiates in whole blood." V. Spiehler and S. El Shami.

"Alcohol-induced alterations of psycho-motor performance as measured by the simultaneous hand and foot tracking (shaft) test."

J.E. Manno.

"Extraction and simultaneous elution and derivatization of Tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) prior to GC/MS analysis of urine using SPEC On-Disc R ." Kent G. Johnson.

"Diazem^R chromatographic packings: Utility in forensic toxicology laboratory." J.A. Patel

"Cocaine and metabolite excretion in saliva under stimulated and unstimulated conditions." Kenichi Kato.

"Method comparison of Syva EMIT II and Roche Online with RIA for drug screening." David Armbruster.

"Method comparison of EMIT 700 and EMIT II with RIA for drug screening." Robert H. Schwarzhoff.

1:30-3:00 PLATFORM SESSION 3

"Immunoassay detection of Nordiazepam, Triazolam, Lorazepam and Alpazolam in blood." D.E. Moody.

"Investigation of blood-related matrix effect: Impact on the quantitation of Tricyclic Antidepressants in whole blood." W.B. Walker.

"Predictive models for estimating time of Marijuana usage from plasma Cannabinoid levels." Marilyn A. Huestis.

"Analysis of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) metabolites in plasma using Gas Chromatography/ Mass Spectroscopy (GC/MS) Chemical Ionization." P.M. Kemp.

3:00-3:20 REFRESHMENTS

3:20-5:00 PLATFORM SESSION 4

"An overdose of Bron and Verapamil." Barry Levine.

"Forensic Medicine in Greece." M. Michalodimitrakis.

"Characterization of a novel stationary phase for toxicological analysis." Richard Morehead.

"Hair analyses for the detection of drugs: A committee report"

6:00-10:00

DINNER AND MURDER ON THE RIVER

(Optional)

10:00-

President's information exchange

FRI. 16th 8:00-12:00 REGISTRATION

8:30-10:20 PLATFORM SESSION 5

"Borohydride reduction - Possible aid in Morphine identification." John Fenton.

"Immunoassay evidence for Fentanyl in hair of surgery patients." Wen-Ling Wang.

"Identification of Heroin, 6-Acetylmorphine and Morphine in post mortem urine by GC/MS." Bruce A. Goldberger.

"A simplified procedure for the determination of Free Codeine, Free Morphine, and 6-Acetylmorphine in urine." Dwain C. Fuller.

"Homicide by Morphine injection." Jeanne M. Beno.

10:20-12:00 PLATFORM SESSION 6

"Paraquat Poisonings. Never is late." M. Michalodimitrakis.

"Matrix effects in Radioimmunoassays for drugs of abuse." Sandra L. Dickerson.

"Does Nystagmus have a role in alcohol induced changes in Static Ataxia?" B.R. Manno.

"Validity testing of the Hycor Accupinch THC test." Amanda J. Jenkins.

12:00-2:00 AWARDS LUNCHEON 2:30-4:30 ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING

SAT 17TH 0500-1800 DEEP SEA FISHING 0800-1300

WORLD CLASS GOLF

----- EXHIBITORS

We look forward to seeing these exhibitors in Connecticut:

Abbott Diagnostics Div. Applied Separations, Inc. Biochemical Diagnostics Biosite Diagnostics, Inc. Diagnostic Products Corp.

Diagnostic Reagents Finnigan/MAT Hewlett-Packard Co. Lynn Peavey Co. Preston Publ./JAT

Radian Corp. Sigma Chemical Co. Syva Company Worldwide Monitoring Zymark Corp.

Is your company listed above? If not, contact Dr. Joel Milzoff at 203-635-2000 today.

Special thanks to program advertisers Diagnostic Products Corp., Finnigan/MAT, Sigma Chemical and Worldwide Monitoring and to Radian Corporation for contributing to the President's Hospitality Suite.

HOTEL

HOTEL RESERVATION DEADLINE 9/21/92 FOR REDUCED RATES. Call the Radisson Hotel and Conference Center Cromwell at 203-635-2000 or Radisson Worldwide at 800-333-3333. Travel directions: I-92, Exit 21 (route 372) to 100 Berlin Rd (I-91 - Route 372 intersection, NE corner). Ten minutes south of Hartford. In-room coffee makers, indoor pool, saunas and exercise equipment; free parking, scheduled airport limousine services (for a fee), nearby golf, tennis and racquetball, rooms equipped for the handicapped and for non-smokers available.

WEATHER WATCH - should be cozy sweater weather. Bring a medium weight jacket or overcoat. Remember to pack the hiking boots if you wish to treck among the fall splendor.

FOR FURTHER MEETING INFORMATION contact: FOR SOFT MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION contact:

Patricia Mohn-Monforte SOFT Executive Coordinator

1013 Three Mile Drive

Grosse Pointe Park, MI 48230

Dr. C. Neal Reading SOFT 1992 Meeting Host 3 Tanner Street Manchester, CT 06040

Tel/FAX: 313-884-4718

Tel: 203-649-4896





OCTOBER 13-17 RADISON CONFERENCE CENTER CROMWELL, CONNECTICUT

REGISTRATION FORM

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3 Tanner Street

Manchester, CT. 06040 (Phone 203-649-4896)



SOFT ANNUAL MEETING 1992 WORKSHOPS AND SEMINAR

The Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Act of 1991 has directed the Secretary of Transportation to establish a program which conducts preemployment, reasonable suspicion, random and post accident testing of all personnel engaged in interstate commerce who are responsible for safety-sensitive functions (as determined by the Administrator) for the use in violation of Federal regulation, of alcohol or controlled substances

TUESDAY 10/13 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Procedures for testing are to be established by Federal regulations. Once again the science of Forensic Toxicology will come under expanded regulatory supervision and it is important that SOFT take and active roll in determining how these regulations are formulated. This seminar will provide a forum for examining the issues and providing a balanced view of the possible solutions. Your attendance is important as your input could be crucial.

WORKSHOP: "The PC in the Toxicology Laboratory."

The personal computer has grown in power and versatility to where it now rivals and in some instances surpasses the main frame computer. This development has been coupled with an ever decreasing cost of the hardware and an increase in the versatility and ease of use of the software. This workshop will explore the options available to the Toxicology Laboratory in terms of off the shelf equipment and software which allow us to do our work faster, smarter and at less cost.

WEDNESDAY 10/14 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

WORKSHOP: "NIDA certification inspections."

NIDA certification has become increasingly important for many laboratories. The stringent requirements of this certification require an exact attention to detail. NIDA inspections have shown that several problems are common to many labs and that often the same or very similar mistakes are repeated. This workshop, presented by NIDA inspectors, will highlight those areas of common and repeated problems.

WEDNESDAY 10/14 8 a.m. to noon

WORKSHOP: "Training and professional development in Toxicology." The Forensic Toxicology Laboratory Guidelines adopted by SOFT and the AAFS Toxicology Section state that the director will be responsible for both the training and documentation of training of laboratory personnel. The California Association of Toxicologists (CAT) has initiated efforts to prepare a manual that can be used in training of new entrants into our profession. Drawing on this work and adding some new perspectives, this workshop will present some concepts that need to be incorporated into a program for training new employees. Topics will include the philosophy and techniques for continuing professional development in the toxicology laboratory, components of and documentation for on the job training, sample collection, preservation and processing; mass spectrometry and problems of a medical examiner toxicology laboratory. At the conclusion of this workshop participants should have many ideas for addition to, revision of or

development of a training program for use in their laboratory.

WEDNESDAY 10/14 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. RE: REPORT TO THE BOARD (for October 13, 1992, meeting)

Please complete below (or use a separate sheet containing required information) an return to me by September 15th.

NAME OF COMMITTEE/OFFICE/APPOINTMENT: TOXTALK (Quarterly newsletter)

COMMITTEE MEMBERS: Editor - Joseph R. Monforte, Ph.D., DABFT Editorial Staff - H. Chip Walls, Vickie Watts, Bradford Hepler Publication Editor - Patricia Mohn-Monforte

RESPONSIBILITY: Produce and distribute the official SOFT newsletter (March, June, September, December issues)

ACTIVITY REPORT:

Financial Profile: (subject to reconciliation with Treasurer)

	March	June	Sept	Prorated	Totals
printing labor misc. add'l postage	272.15 432.45 34.42	297.81 357.45 21.75	233.20 454.95 49.95	36.00 271.82	\$ 803.16 1,280.85 106.12 271.82
Totals	\$739.02	677.01	738.10	207.82	\$2,461.95
<pre># mailed foreign post #</pre>	352 /\$ 26/\$52	388 32/\$44	393 34/\$50		

Cost comparison: U.S. bulk v. 1st class for U.S. distribution:

Actual @ bulk rate	110.32	82.95	83.05	60.00	\$	336.32
1st class equiv.	392.04	276.00	351.82		1	,019.86

Publication Notes: We continue to depend heavily upon the editorial staff to secure material for ToxTalk. The membership does not respond to repeated calls for case reports, etc. The "Special Topics" for each issue has been well received, but, again, there has been no response for topics or materials for future issues. Suggestions would be appreciated.

ToxTalk continues to be an excellent vehicle to distribute materials to members (dues notices, meeting flyers, calls for papers, etc.).

I would like to thank Vickie Watts and Brad Hepler for their assistance and particularly recognize Chip Walls for his consistent contributions to ToxTalk.

POLICY QUESTION: The mailing labels are generated from the official SOFT database which was firmly established this year based on 1992 dues received. Question - should the March 1993 issue be distributed only to those members who paid their 1993 dues. Late dues notices would be mailed mid-January.

Next deadline: NOVEMBER 1st (for projected 11/13/92 printing)

Date 9/15/92

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MEMORANDUM

DATE: August 31, 1992

TO: Editor Monforte

FROM: Patricia Mohn-Monforte, ToxTalk, Publications Editor

RE: SEPTEMBER 1992 TOXTALK - PRODUCTION REPORT

393 copies of the MARCH 1992 issue of TOXTALK were distributed 8/26/92

BULK RATE: 359 U.S. (members & applicants, comp. (AAFS)

4 subscriptions
6 .20 bulk stamps ea. +11.85 = \$83.05
1st class would have cost \$351.82

FIRST CLASS: 27 Canada @ \$1.09 ea (26 mbrs, 1 comp) = \$29.43 (pre-purchased 7 Other @ \$2.90 ea (5 mbrs/apps, 1 comp, stamps) = \$20.30

393 TOTAL DISTRIBUTED - (last issue, 388)

OTHER EXPENSES:

\$233.20 printing (paid directly to printer), includes Salary Survey 454.95 publication editor fees

49.95 misc. + add'l bulk postage charge (\$11.85)

\$738.10 Total

COMMENTS:

A check for \$150 was received from Treasurer Lewis and used to purchase postage stamps. These are used for foreign and other ToxTalk related first-class mailings. The cost of 34 foreign mailings equalled approximately \$50, compared to approximately \$100 for 359 US bulk mailings (including \$15 permit prorated). This means a third of our postage expense is for foreign mailings.

This issue was mailed to members and applicants since it included the Preliminary Meeting Program and registration form. The required 1993 Nominating Committee slate and Minutes of the 1991 Annual Meeting were included as well as regular features. Inserted were the 1992 Salary Survey, the report of the Hair Analysis Committee which is to be discussed at the Annual Meeting, and the 1993 dues notice.

This issue was prepared in a bit of a rush at the end. Seems nobody was able to submit required materials by the deadline - it's a busy time of year! Fortunately, due to a great relationship with the printer, all members should have this copy one month before the meeting as required by the bylaws.

c: President Beno, Treasurer Lewis, VP Poklis, Secretary Spiehler



Society of Forensic Toxicologists, Inc.

REPORT OF SOFT ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON HAIR ANALYSIS FOR DRUGS OF ABUSE

August 11, 1992

Submitted by W. Lee Hearn, Ph.D.

Dade County Medical Examiner Department
Number One on Bob Hope Road
Miami, FL 33136-1133

The committee consists of the following SOFT members:

W. Lee Hearn, Ph.D., Chairman Brian Donnelly, Ph.D. Marilyn Huestis, Ph.D. Bruce Goldberger, M.S. Jane Speaker, Ph.D.

The committee met during the American Academy of Forensic Sciences meeting in February, 1992 and agreed to re-examine the points raised by the original "SOFT Consensus Opinion Summarizing the Current Applicability of Hair Analysis to Testing for Drugs of Abuse" adopted by the membership at the SOFT Annual Business Meeting in 1990. After reviewing the current literature on hair analysis, the committee recommends revision of SOFT's consensus opinion. The text of the recommended revised Consensus Opinion is attached along with a discussion of the committee's rationale for the changes.

Please review the attached documents and bring them to the SOFT meeting in October. We will have an opportunity to discuss the committee's recommendations prior to the Annual Business Meeting. We have also prepared a supplemental bibliography on Hair Analysis for drugs so that SOFT members can remain informed on this rapidly changing field.

To be discussed at the 1992 Annual Meeting

October 13 - 17 Cromwell (Hartford), CT

Refer to the meeting program for specific time and date



Society of Forensic Toxicologists, Inc

REVISED CONSENSUS OPINION ON APPLICABILITY OF HAIR ANALYSIS FOR DRUGS OF ABUSE

Prepared by the SOFT Advisory Committee August 11, 1992

- 1. The use of hair analysis for employee and pre-employment drug testing is premature and cannot be supported by the current information on hair analysis for drugs of abuse. Critical questions remain to be answered before the results can be accurately interpreted.
- 2. Hair is a useful specimen in forensic investigations when the data are supported by other competent evidence of drug use and when assays are performed under generally accepted guidelines for forensic drug testing.
- 3. Before a laboratory reports results of hair analysis for drugs in any forensic context, its methods must be fully validated. Assay characterization including assessment of accuracy, precision, sensitivity and specificity must be documented. All details of procedures used for the analysis of forensic specimens and all data that serve as the basis of a positive finding as well as related quality control data must be available for peer review. This information must be available before hair analysis can stand alone for drug abuse testing.
- The reporting of a positive result based upon a single or replicate immunoassay is not acceptable in situations where any adverse action is reasonably anticipated. Adverse consequences should not be imposed upon an individual based solely upon unconfirmed immunoassay results obtained from the analysis of hair as well as any other biological specimen. Such adverse consequences include, but may not be limited to, denial or termination of employment, denial of insurance coverage or loss of freedom, or denial of child custody or benefits, visitation rights. In clinical situations, a presumptive positive may be reported, as long as the report indicates that the result was not confirmed. All positive presumptive tests having any forensic implications must be confirmed by a second independent test prior to reporting a final result. Currently, GC/MS and MS/MS are the only technologies offering sufficient sensitivity and specificity for use in confirming presumptive positive hair analysis results.

(continued on Supplement Page 3)

- 5. Before hair analysis is acceptable for workplace drug testing, important questions remain to be answered. Among these are:
 - a. How is incorporation, retention and analytical detection of drugs in hair biased by race, age, sex, or other individual differences?
 - b. How is retention and detection of drugs in hair affected by cosmetic treatments or by intentional efforts to avoid detection?
 - c. To what extent is an externally applied drug from environmental exposure retained in hair, and what is the effect on externally applied drugs of hygienic washing practices and cosmetic treatments?
 - d. What is the effect of various laboratory hair pretreatment procedures in removing externally applied drug or internally incorporated/bound drug? Are washing procedures effective in distinguishing between environmental contamination and internal incorporation of drugs?

CONCLUSION:

Some unanswered questions indicating important deficiencies in our present knowledge of the analysis of hair are delineated above. The committee concluded that, because of these deficiencies, hair analysis alone is not a sufficient technology for workplace drug testing at this time.

- N.B. This document should be reviewed in its entirety; no single item should be taken out of context.
- N.B. This summary document was prepared by the SOFT Advisory Committee on Analysis of Hair for Drugs of Abuse. It does not represent an official position statement endorsed by the Society of Forensic Toxicologists, Inc., at this time.

BASIS OF THE COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS

The question of forensic acceptability of hair testing for drugs of abuse involves two issues: 1. Can analysis of a hair sample demonstrate the presence of a drug and/or drug metabolite to a forensically acceptable degree of certainty? 2. What is the significance of a negative or positive finding?

The first issue is an analytical problem and is subject to the same concerns as any other forensic analysis. It is simply the extension of existing analytical techniques to a new biological specimen. Before a laboratory reports hair analysis results, it must first validate its procedures including determination of accuracy, precision, sensitivity and specificity. This is true even when implementing a "tried and true" method widely used by others. A forensic method must include a conclusive identification of the targeted analyte(s). Among currently available technologies, only GC/MS and MS/MS appear to provide the degree of certainty and the sensitivity necessary for confirmation of drugs in hair.

Over the past few years, numerous papers dealing with immunoassay screening and GC/MS or MS/MS confirmation of drugs in hair samples have been published in peer reviewed journals. Some papers have included data on the accuracy, precision, sensitivity and specificity of reported methods and have presented data from the analysis of actual human hair samples for various drugs. These studies demonstrate that using widely available technology, it is possible to detect and identify abused drugs and metabolites including cocaine, opiates, amphetamines, tetrahydrocannabinol and others including nicotine, methadone, barbiturates and benzodiazepines in hair samples. Published reports describe the use of instruments and techniques commonly employed in forensic urine drug testing and other forensic toxicology analyses. Furthermore, reports from multiple laboratories support the concept that forensic hair analysis for many abused drugs is achievable by a forensic laboratory.

Certified quality control hair samples are presently available only for cocaine analysis, but, undoubtedly, others will be produced as a need is demonstrated. In the meantime, most laboratories can obtain hair from known drug abusers and from individuals known to be drug free. Many forensic laboratories presently use comparable specimens as quality control materials. Certainly, forensic urine drug testing was well established before the first commercial quality control materials became available.

For any new forensic technique to achieve acceptance by the relevant scientific community, all details of the procedure and supporting validation documentation must be made available for peer review. Furthermore, in any given case, the sample and QC

data and chain of custody documents must be made available, upon request, to experts appointed by or on behalf of the testee or to a Medical Review Officer.

From a purely analytical standpoint, the analysis of hair for some drugs of abuse can rise to the level of forensic acceptability if done by a laboratory of quality under generally accepted guidelines for forensic drug testing. However, the interpretation of hair testing results is subject to major uncertainty that severely limits the applicability of the methodology at this time.

The most critical concern from the standpoint of protection of the innocent is the potential for contamination of the hair by introduced from the environment. Because hair is continuously exposed, the potential for contamination with a drug from the air or from physical contact with the hands or some contaminated object (e.g.: a comb) gives rise to serious concern. Recently published reports indicate that externally introduced drug is extremely difficult, if not impossible, to remove completely, even with harsh washing procedures that partially extract drug and metabolites deposited from the body fluids. Data have been presented in support of a "wash kinetics" approach involving analysis of sequential washings from drug-positive hair samples to distinguish hair contaminated by the environment from hair containing drug deposited from body However, the data come from the analysis of freshly contaminated control hair samples. This controlled experimental scenario does not mimic exposure of a hair sample to low level, frequent, environmental contamination or even a single / but followed by weeks or months of daily contamination event bathing. In such a situation, the only remaining traces of drug may be those that have penetrated into the hair shaft, perhaps making the wash kinetics analysis ineffective as a means of recognizing the contamination. If the wash kinetics approach is to be recognized as effective for identifying environmental contamination of hair samples it must be evaluated further with control samples approximating realistic contamination scenarios.

Perhaps, the best approach to overcoming concerns over environmental contamination involves identification of metabolites of the drugs in hair. To provide convincing evidence of drug use, the targeted analytes would need to be true metabolites, not chemical hydrolysis or pyrolysis products. For example, cocaine, benzoylecgonine, ecgonine methyl ester, cocaethylene and norcocaine have been demonstrated in the hair of cocaine abusers. Norcocaine or cocaethylene would appear to satisfy the criterion of metabolic origin, but not

¹Baumgartner and Hill, 1992. (See Supplemental Bibliography). Also presented at the International Symposium on Forensic Toxicology, (FBI Academy, Quantico, VA. June 15-19, 1992.) under the title "Hair Analysis for Drugs of Abuse: Forensic Issues."

08/11/1992 2

ToxTalk Volume 16 No. 3 (September 1992) Supplement Page 5

benzoylecgonine or ecgonine methyl ester which can be formed by chemical hydrolysis. The identification of 11-nor-9-carboxy-delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in hair would document marijuana use more effectively than detection of THC which might have come from the smoky atmosphere of a rock concert. Clearly more research is needed before hair analysis can conclusively identify use of illegal drugs and exclude identification of innocent persons whose hair was inadvertently and unknowingly contaminated with traces of a drug.

Another area of concern that has not been adequately investigated is the potential for bias conveyed by age, sex, racial characteristics, hair color, hair type, or various hair treatments. Research is needed to determine if problems exist and, if so, to what extent they may adversely affect the use of hair testing.

The above issues must be resolved before hair testing can be accepted for workplace drug screening, since serious adverse consequences may result from a positive laboratory report. On the other hand, when accompanied by other competent evidence implicating an individual in illegal drug use, hair analysis can provide useful information that may be unobtainable through any alternative toxicological examination. As part of a postmortem investigation, the analysis of a hair sample may yield evidence concerning the decedent's drug use pattern over the weeks or months prior to death. In addition, hair analysis may be used to support or discredit claims of innocence made by an individual whose urine has tested positive for drugs or who is accused by witnesses of having used a drug at some remote time. If morphine is detected in urine or other body fluid, testing hair for heroin and 6-monoacetylmorphine might distinguish between heroin abuse and consumption of poppy seed products or some legitimate pharmaceutical preparation containing codeine and/or morphine.

The committee believes that use of hair analysis as an investigational technique need not await the resolution of all factors potentially affecting its interpretation. For example, establishing a relationship between dose of a drug and ultimate concentration of that substance and/or its metabolites in hair would add dimension to the interpretation of drug concentrations in hair segments, but the absence of that knowledge does not render hair analysis useless. Neither is it necessary to understand the mechanism of incorporation of drugs in hair or to accurately define the interval from drug use to drug appearance the hair shaft prior to acceptance of the technology of hair analysis. Continuing research will define the various factors that affect interpretation of hair analysis results. In the interim, interpretation of positive or negative hair analyses must be limited to that supported by current knowledge, as is the case with other aspects of forensic toxicology.

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