WS16: Leveraging Large Language Models to Investigate the Novel Psychoactive Drug Ecosystem: Applications in Structural Prediction, Behavioral Analysis, and Cyber Surveillance

Date: Tuesday, October 28

Time: 1:30-5:30 PM

Audience Knowledge: Intermediate - Involves more advanced concepts requiring some technical working knowledge or prior exposure to the subject matter Rates:

Membership	Early Bird (June 25 - Sep 10)	Late (Begins Sept 11)	Onsite (Begins Oct 9)
Member	\$150	\$175	\$200
Student	\$150	\$175	\$200
Non-Member	\$200	\$225	\$250

Workshop Chairs:

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Abstract

The emergence of novel psychoactive substances (NPS), often engineered to evade regulatory controls, presents an ongoing challenge for forensic toxicologists and drug policy makers. The digital era has brought unprecedented opportunities for communication, commerce, and innovation, including new avenues for the marketing of illicit drugs. This workshop will explore the application of large language models (LLMs) as a multidisciplinary toolset for anticipating, characterizing, and monitoring trends within the illicit drug landscape. The workshop will focus on four core applications of LLMs in the context of NPS. First, it will examine the use of LLMs for structure prediction, highlighting their potential to assist in forecasting novel chemical structures and analogues of NPS by leveraging training data from pharmacological literature, patents, and open-source chemical repositories. Second, it will explore behavioral signal extraction, showcasing how LLMs can identify patterns of risky behavior and indicators of drug misuse through natural language analysis of forums, case reports, and social media discourse. Third, the session will delve into marketing and distribution monitoring, presenting methods for training LLMs to autonomously crawl and extract relevant data from social media platforms and surface web sources in order to track how NPS are marketed, branded, and sold in near real-time. Finally, the workshop will address cyber environment mapping, investigating how LLMs can be employed to analyze the broader digital landscape, including illicit online pharmacies, anonymous marketplaces, and encrypted communication channels to detect evolving supply chains and trafficking networks.

This workshop will include technical demonstrations, discussion of training architectures and data pipelines, and evaluation of the utility and limitations of LLMs in forensic contexts. Attendees will gain practical insights into how LLM-driven workflows can augment traditional toxicological methodologies and enhance early warning capabilities.

Learning Objectives

- 1. Understand the Application of LLMs in Structural Prediction: Participants will learn how large language models can assist in predicting and generating potential structures of novel psychoactive substances.
- 2. Analyze Behavioral and Market Signals Using Natural Language Processing: Attendees will explore how LLMs can be used to extract behavioral patterns, detect risky behaviors, and identify drug marketing strategies across social media and web environments.
- 3. Evaluate Cyber Surveillance Tools: Participants will learn about how the cyber environment is used for illicit drug distribution.

Speakers

Hande Küçük-McGinty, PhD Assistant Professor Department of Computer Science, Kansas State University

Michael Skinnider, PhD Assistant Professor: Assistant Professor Lewis-Sigler Institute for Integrative Genomics, Princeton University

Michael Young, PhD Assistant Professor: Graduate Program Director, Psychological Sciences Department of Psychological Sciences, Kansas State University

William Hsu, PhD Assistant Professor: Professor Department of Computer Science, Kansas State University

Daniel Burke Director, Intelligence & Investigations US Anti-Doping Agency

Workshop Agenda

Time	Торіс	Speaker
1:30 – 1:40 PM	Welcome and Opening Remarks	Lynn Wagner
	Introduction to the workshop	
	Overview of objectives and agenda	
1:40 – 2:20 PM	Session 1: Artificial Intelligence and the Role of	Hande Küçük-
	Algorithms in the Creation of NPS: Mind Mapping and	McGinty
	Ontological Structuring	
	General overview of LLMs.	
	Explore how ontologies—structured frameworks	
	that define relationships between concepts—can be	
	used to standardize the categorization of NPS.	
	Explore how AI can generate conceptual maps that	
	link drug structure, pharmacodynamics, user-	
	reported effects, analogues, legal status, and	
	common routes of administration.	
	 Discuss how these algorithmically-generated 	
	ontologies and maps can feed into predictive models	
	for toxicology screening, legislative scheduling, or	
	digital market surveillance.	
2:20 – 3:00 PM	Session 2: LLMs for Structural Predictions of NPS	Michael Skinnider
	 Explore how LLMs, combined with cheminformatics 	
	approaches, can be trained on molecular	
	representations (e.g., SMILES strings) and chemical	
	literature to generate candidate structures for	
	unknown or emerging NPS.	
	 Case studies and demonstrations will show how 	
	 Case studies and demonstrations will show how structure–activity relationships can be inferred and 	
	how such models might assist in prioritizing	
	compounds for toxicological screening.	
3:00 – 3:30 PM		Michael Young
5.00 - 5.50 Pivi	Session 3: Behavioral Signal Extraction and Risk	Michael Young
	Detection	
	Examine how LLMs can mine and analyze	
	unstructured text data from online drug forums,	
	case reports, and clinical literature to identify	
	behavioral markers of drug misuse.	
	Participants will learn techniques for fine-tuning	
	models on harm reduction narratives, overdose	
	descriptions, and usage trends to detect patterns	

	such as polysubstance use or risky administration	
	routes.	
3:30 – 4:00 PM	Break	
4:00 – 4:40 PM	 Session 4: Tracking Online Drug Marketing and Distribution of NPS Focus on how LLMs can be deployed to crawl, monitor, and analyze drug-related content across public platforms (e.g., Reddit, Bluelight, Instagram, TikTok, YouTube) and surface web forums. Discuss techniques for identifying euphemisms, coded language, and visual cues used in the marketing of NPS. 	William Hsu
4:40 - 5:20 PM	 Session 5: Mapping the Illicit Cyber Drug Ecosystem Presents an integrated view of the cyber environment that supports the trade in illicit substances. Examples from online pharmacy investigations, darknet markets, and messaging apps. Emphasis will be placed on threat detection, signal verification, and understanding shifts in drug availability or composition. 	Daniel Burke
5:20 – 5:30 PM	 Closing Remarks: Key Takeaways and Next Steps Recap of key insights Open discussion on final insights and future directions Closing remarks and participant feedback 	Erin Wilfong